

DUALITIES FROM DOUBLE CATEGORIES OF RELATIONS

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STONE DUALITY

Boolean Algebras — Stone spaces

Distributive lattices — Priestley spaces

Etc

Replacing functions by relations?

STONE DUALITY FOR RELATIONS

Relations as *arrows* (KMJ 2021):

- Rel(DL) — Rel(Priestley)
- Rel(BA) — Rel(Stone)

In this talk: *objects* with relational structure.

Method: A double category

$$\mathit{dom}, \mathit{cod} : \mathbb{C}_1 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_0$$

where *relations are the objects* of the category \mathbb{C}_1
(Grandis and Pare, 1999, 2004), (Shulman, 2008)

WEAKENING RELATIONS

Definition: A relation $R : A \multimap B$ is a sub-object

$$R \subseteq A \times B$$

and a monotone map

$$A^{op} \times B \rightarrow \mathbf{2}$$

where $\mathbf{2} = \{0 < 1\}$.

Remark: Also called a *monotone* or a *weakening* (closed) relation.

A PARADIGMATIC EXAMPLE

A relation in DL (bounded distributive lattices) is similar to a sequent calculus turnstile:

Taking subobjects in DL amounts to

$$\overline{0R0} \quad \overline{1R1} \quad \frac{aRb \quad a'Rb'}{(a \wedge a')R(b \wedge b')} \quad \frac{aRb \quad a'Rb'}{(a \vee a')R(b \vee b')}$$

while the monotonicity condition amounts to weakening

$$\frac{a' \leq a \quad aRb \quad b \leq b'}{a'Rb'}$$

DOUBLE CATEGORIES OF RELATIONS

Given a category \mathcal{C} wsp, we can form the double category

$$\S\mathcal{C} = (\S\mathcal{C})_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

where $(\S\mathcal{C})_1$ has relations as objects and "squares" as arrows $R \rightarrow R'$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{R} & B \\ \downarrow & \Downarrow & \downarrow \\ C & \xrightarrow{R'} & D \end{array} \quad a R b \Rightarrow f(a) R' g(b)$$

WHY DOUBLE CATEGORIES (1)

(co)limits in $\mathbf{Rel}(\mathcal{C})$ are not well-behaved ...

... but (co)limits in $\S\mathcal{C}$ are

the dual of $\S\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{C}_1 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_0$ we will need is $\mathbb{C}_1^{op} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_0^{op}$...

... direction of relations not reversed under duality

$Pos^{op} \dashv DL$ lifts to $\S Pos^{op} \dashv \S DL$...

... but not to $\mathbf{Rel}(Pos)$ and $\mathbf{Rel}(DL)$

WHY DOUBLE CATEGORIES (2)

In (KMJ 2021): "vertical truncation" of $\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{C}_1 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_0 \dots$
... which is a category with **relations as arrows**.

Here: the sub-double-category of $\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{C}_1 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_0$ which restricts to the endo-relations in $\mathbb{C}_1 \dots$
... which has **relational structures as objects**.

STONE DUALITY FOR RELATIONS (1)

In (KMJ 2021) we give sufficient conditions for an adjunction

$$F \dashv G : \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$$

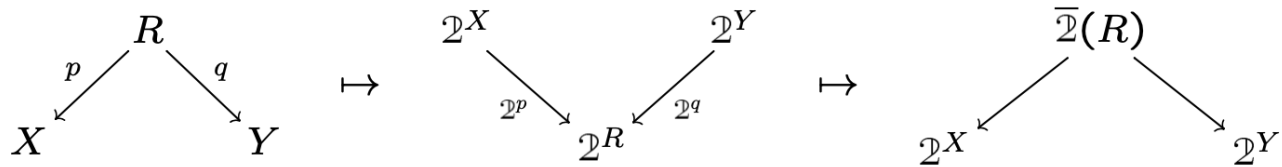
to extend to an adjunction

$$\overline{F} \dashv \overline{G} : \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$$

Example: Homming into $\mathfrak{2}$

Let $\bar{\mathfrak{2}}$ be the extension of the contravariant 'upper set functor' $\mathfrak{2}^- : \mathbf{Pos} \rightarrow \mathbf{Pos}$

$\bar{\mathfrak{2}}$ acts on relations as follows



For all upper sets $a \subseteq X, b \subseteq Y$

$$\begin{aligned}(a, b) \in \bar{\mathfrak{2}}(R) &\iff \mathfrak{2}^p(a) \subseteq \mathfrak{2}^q(b) \\ &\iff \forall x \in a. \forall y \in Y. x R y \Rightarrow y \in b \\ &\iff R[a] \subseteq b\end{aligned}$$

STONE DUALITY FOR RELATIONS (2)

Theorem (KMJ 2021): The double category of DL-relations is dually equivalent to the double category of Priestley-relations.

Corollary: The category determined by objects (X, R) where X is a Priestley space and R is a Priestley-relation on X is dually equivalent to the category determined by objects (A, \prec) where A is a bounded distributive lattice and \prec is a DL-relation (aka subordination) on A .

COROLLARIES

Rephrasing the corollary from the previous slide:

Corollary: The category of Priestley spaces with closed weakening relations is dually equivalent to (DL-based) subordination algebras.

We now look at further corollaries that can be obtained by adding conditions on either side of the duality, see **the BLAST 2022 abstract**.

CONCLUSION

If you work with categories of relations: maybe double categories of relations can help.

If you encounter $R[a] \subseteq b$: maybe Stone duality for relations is lurking in the background.

If you are interested in duality for relational structures: maybe looking at relations as "horizontal arrows" of a double category reveals a new point of view.



CHANGED 2 HOURS AGO

162 views  